# EXPLANATION OF THE PURPOSE AND EFFECT OF BY-LAW NO. 2810 (2006)

The subject lands are located on the south side of Canboro Road, lying west of Church Street. The lands are legally described as part of Lot 17, Concession 10, former Township of Pelham, now Town of Pelham and known municipally as 850 Canboro Road.

Council approved By-law No. 1353 (1990) rezoning the lands to Agricultural A-94, restricting the permitted uses to: agricultural uses including greenhouses; one single detached dwelling on one lot; home occupations; kennels; uses, buildings and structures accessory to the foregoing permitted uses; and forestry and conservation uses. The Bylaw also reduced the lot frontage and area requirements of the Agricultural Zone to recognize the configuration of the lands.

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File No: AM-11/05

Applicants: Micheal and Karen Biancaniello Assessment Roll No.: 2732 010 015 07805

Planning Report No.: P-39/06

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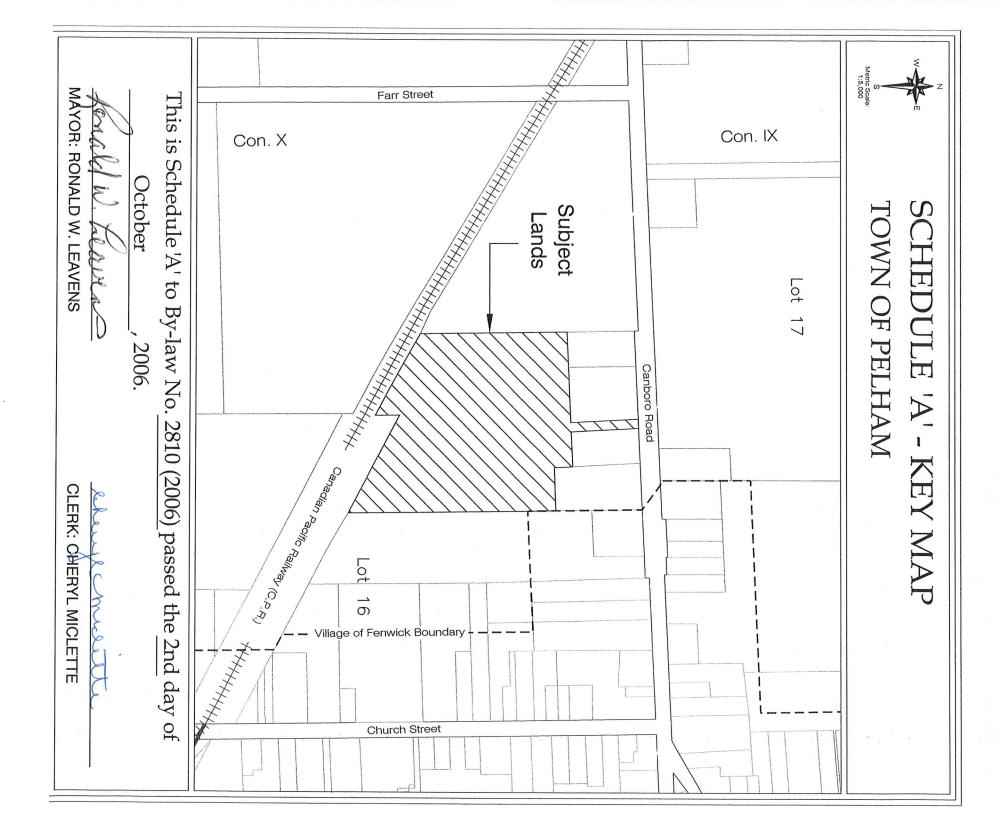
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ISSUE DATE: August 16, 2007

**DECISION/ORDER NO:** 

2291



PL060998

Commission des affaires municipales de l'Ontario Ontario Municipal Board

IN THE MATTER OF subsection 34(19) of the *Planning Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. P. 13, as amended

Appellant: Leah Guitard

Subject: By-law No. 2810

Municipality: Town of Pelham (2006)

OMB File No.: OMB Case No.: PL060998 R060284

APPEARANC ES:

**Parties** 

Counse

TOWN OF PELHAM

AUG

02

2007

m.

Michael and Karen Biancaniello

A. Richardson

Leah Guitard

Town of Pelham

J. A. Crossingham

A. Bielby

DECISION DELIVERED BY D. GATES AND ORDER OF THE BOARD

### Physical Setting

pavement, one lane in each direction. runs foot frontage access to the charming old village of in an east-west direction and is 850 Canboro Road is an irregularly shaped 15 acre parcel of land which has and a depth of nearly 1300 feet in the Town of Pelham. Fenwick. Appropriately it provides two lanes of an 8 feet wide regional arterial road providing Canboro Road

somewhat diagonally is a CPR mainline approximately 315 feet to the east to lands occupied by St. Ann Catholic School and 370 feet to the west to lands being actively farmed with crops. The southeast portion of property, about seven Approximately abuts the urban area of Fenwick. 300 feet back from the road allowance, acres, is forested. Along A portion of the the rear of this property east boundary of the property widens running

Canboro Road and looks out directly onto Canboro Road over a long paved and well The two storey home of about 3000 square feet sits about 380 feet back from -2-

the same time as the main house, 1979, is located about 300 feet to the south and west property that provides access to the main acreage. A 1500 square foot barn, built about andscaped drive which occupies the 40 foot by nearly 300 foot front portion of the

appear to have been carved out of 850 Canboro Road and back on it, two lots to the At an earlier time four smaller residential parcels fronting on to Canboro Road Each of these lots have single family dwellings erected on them, and the lot immediately to the west of the driveway for 850 Canboro Road has been rezoned under a different regulatory regime so as to allow it to be used only for "a retail farm supply store, light manufacturing of wood products..." and building has been expanded. A retail and manufacturing use relating to the fabrication, sale and supply of doors and windows occupies 854 Canboro Road today. and two to the west. east of the driveway

Ms Guitard, the Appellant, occupies 844 Canboro Road immediately to the east Guitard, her husband and four young sons occupy this property as their home. The other two lots that back onto 850 Canboro Road are also used for residential purposes. of the driveway so that her property borders 850 Canboro at its rear and side.

### The Application

2006 Mr. and Mrs. Biancaniello, the owners of 850 Canboro Road applied for the following rezoning: On April 25,

An amendment to permit the use of three sea containers, each measuring 8 feet by 40 feet 2 of which are for the storage of fireworks, and the other provides a buffer between the two, in conjunction with the home occupation on the property (sic).

The rezoning was requested for the following reason:

The applicants conduct a business from their home, providing major fireworks fireworks in an isolated location in accordance with federal licensing requirements....The storage location has been licensed by the federal government.... displays. It is necessary to store the

(152.4 metres) and about 175 feet (54.86 metres) southwest of the barn, and about 850 feet (274.32 metres) south of Canboro Road and 200 feet (86.87 metres) north of the The location chosen for the sea containers was about 450 feet southwest of the house CPR railway property.

amendment to the zoning by-law was requested buildings in conjunction with the home occupation is family dwellings on a property zoned A While home occupations are permitted under the zoning by-law within single (Agricultural Zone), the use not permitted, of accessory therefore

occupation as Subsection 5.83 of the Pelham Zoning By-law No.1136 (1987) defines a home

residing therein. profit as an accessory use to the principle residential use by one or more persons an occupation conducted entirely within the dwelling or dwelling unit for gain or

Subsection 5.2 of the Zoning By-law defines accessory as:

therewith devoted a use, building or a to a main use, structure that is incidental, subordinate and exclusively building or structure and located on the same lot

zone unless permitted in such zone and complies with the following provisions: Subsection 6.7 of the By-law directs that no home occupation shall be permitted in any

#### a) SIZE

nurseries" as defined herein. of home occupation uses, except this restriction shall not apply to "day Not more than 25% of the dwelling unit area shall be used for the purpose

## b) ACCESSORY BUILDINGS

a home occupation. No accessory building shall be erected, altered or used for the purposes of

### c) OCCUPANCY

dwelling unit in which the home occupation is located. The home occupation shall only be carried out by a resident of the

### d) ADVERTISING

There shall be no external display or advertising to indicate to persons outside that any part of the dwelling, dwelling unit or lot is being used for a purpose other than residential.

## e) SALES OR RENTALS

an open On any lot containing a home occupation shall be used as storage area accessory to that home occupation use.

staff's On October 2, 2006 after a lengthy public process, Pelham Council unanimously planning their that notwithstanding recommendation did not support the amendment. amendment zoning passed

## Evidence As To How The Home Occupation Operates

Mr. Biancaniello purchased 540 Canboro Road about seven years ago with the expectation that he could use the property as his home and operate his business from home. He has a very small office in his home and from there using his computer with very specialized software, designs fireworks displays. His forte, following in his father's European based, and he is renowned for spectacular visual displays building to unforgettable climatic endings. Using his telephone and computer he is able to enter into contracts for the provision of displays, and hire on a contractual basis, independent contractors to carry out the displays offsite, under his supervision. footsteps, is

His business is seasonal with the time of greatest activity being the  $24^{
m th}$  of May and July 1. During these busy periods he also wholesales consumer fireworks to large and small retailers. As time has passed wholesale sales to retailers have declining while the more lucrative display business has been growing. If the intensity of use were only as described above there would not be a concern about this use. Unfortunately shortly after Mr. Biancaniello moved in he but up a sign and offered to sell consumer fireworks from his house. Also, because the business is time to time to ensure they measured up to their claims. This caused complaints and so competitive, he would test new display type fireworks at the rear of his property from resulted in him removing his small advertising sign and ceasing selling consumer fireworks directly to his retail customers.

would also be disposed of here operative, if asked by the local police or fire department, more questionable material professional competitors. The Board inferred that because Mr. Biancaniello was authorities but would pit. According to Mr. Biancaniello these dud shells do not noisily explode when ignited Biancaniello property and duds are brought back to the property and ignited in the fire Occasionally during large fireworks displays a firework is a dud and with fire training and with the produce an issue. a contained flame. He also utilizes An open fire pit has been constructed near the rear safe disposal of duds from the test pit to assist fire SO COproper

particular fireworks is recognized and appreciated. such Mr. Biancanceillo is well liked by the local Fire Department and his charitable as assisting with training of fire personal respecting explosives and in

under strict regulations by federally licensed professionals. professional fireworks used in large displays, which may only be purchased and set off purchased by a person without a licence at different times throughout the year There is a distinction to be made between consumer fireworks which may be

the other two, there being about 10 to 20 feet of open space between each of the three containers further precaution a third steel container containing no fireworks was placed between to store fireworks in and about one to two years later another one was erected. As an 8 foot X 40 foot steel locked sea container (like a railway box car but without wheels) While initially using his barn, a short time after he moved into this property he erected location where he stored his fireworks in Milton was soon to become unavailable to Another reason Mr. Biancaniello purchased 540 Canboro Road was because the

would park at the barn to socialize with Mr. Biancaniello. near the rear of the property and independent contractors would pick up the explosives the property via the only entrance off Canboro Road, drive past the house and barn to displays for the 24th of May and July 1. Trucks rented or stored elsewhere would enter There was evidence that Mr. Biancaniello and his wife might supervise of the two magazines and load the trucks. On their departure they frequently

not more than two to Ms Guitard's evidence of five or more on some occasions. Ms Guitard also testified that frequently at this time of year the same vehicles arriving from There was disputed evidence over the number of trucks lined up on the driveway or adjacent to the barn at any one time which varied from Mr. Biancaniello's evidence of offsite were parked all day on the property day after day. It is somewhat difficult to distinguish between vehicles visiting the Biancaniello's Biancaniello lestified that the looked after his sick mother and she resided with them in his home. property for business reasons or for family reasons. For instance Mr. Many days she required two caregivers. Also in an area Ms Guitard thought was used for parking, the Board, having a view at the request of legal counsel for Mr. Guitard, found the area to be used as a large vegetable garden just as Mr. Biancanciello had testified to. Clearly, Mr. Biancanciello has stepped into his father's shoes in more than just a professional way and this property provides a base for his large extended family (many portions of the vegetable garden) and his many friends. The Board found Mr. Biancaniello to be very professional in his explosives business, his premises were exceptionally neat and tidy, his demeanour totally friendly and likeable, and his evidence forthright, honest and in general, quite believable. of whom use

For instance, the Parties even took a second surprise view of the barn and could find little if anything to tie its use to the business as was asserted by the Appellant. The only evidence that the Board found at all difficult to believe was that Mr. Biancaniello fabricated all of his replacement wooden rocket stands in his small office within the There was also evidence of Mr. Biancaniello using the rear of his property for skeet shooting. While Ms Guitard complained of noise from fireworks disturbing herself and her family it appeared that most of Mr. Biancaniello's neighbours were responsible for these home displays of consumer fireworks except for the disposal of duds and the testing of new products, which Mr. Biancanciello admitted to.

### The Regulatory Framework

requirements from other buildings and the expense related to large vacant industrial met here. The Board also understands from Mr. Biancanciello's evidence how difficult it storage magazines from other uses and that all federal separation distance criteria are locations find Explosives, including fireworks are regulated federally. The Board understands Explosives Act and its regulations provide regulated separation distances are acceptable prohibited locations for such storage facilities and that most industrial and prohibitively expensive because of the large

## 2005 Provincial Policy Statement

and followed including the minimum separation distance formula for new uses same objective. recommended by the Province, or based on municipal approaches, which achieve the limited in scale, and criteria for these uses shall be included in planning documents with, and shall not hinder, surrounding agricultural operations. Also, these uses shall be related uses are permitted. The PPS states that secondary uses shall be compatible Statement (PPS). As such, agricultural uses, secondary use, The subject lands are prime agricultural lands under the applicable Provincial In prime agricultural areas normal farm practices shall be promoted and agricultural

is not compatible with surrounding agricultural operations finds the use is too intensive to be considered a new secondary use under the PPS and discourage non-agricultural uses. From the description of the use above, the Board policy document to be considered under a statute that is to be interpreted in a broad the PPS however the PPS is not a statute which must be rigidly interpreted but a broad purposeful Here there was conflicting evidence as to whether the use was consistent with way. Clearly the intention of the PPS ß. to protect agriculture

including but not limited to, home occupations, home industries, and uses that produce value-added agricultural products from the farm operation on the property. Secondary use is defined as secondary to the principal use of the property,

provisions. He secondary use be related to agriculture. While I disagree with his conclusions here, if he is correct, I fail to see how the definition of secondary use can be read so broadly so as to include what is applied for here. For instance a secondary use to farming might include the canning and selling of preserves. A domestic art might be considered a secondary use to a residential use. I am not able to expand the definition here so as to include the proposed sea containers. The qualified planner called by the Biancaniello's, Mr. Smart argued that the permitted within precise reading of the PPS broad policy Ø argued that these provisions do not require that proposed is

### The Greenbelt Plan

Protected the ð portion Countryside. Section 3.1.2 of the plan provides the following policies: crop speciality lie within the lands subject

- Within the specialty crop areas, normal farm practices and a full range of supported are and secondary uses agricultural, agricultural-related permitted.
- Lands within specialty crop areas shall not be re-designated in municipal official plans for non-agricultural uses, with the exception of those uses permitted in the general policies of sections 4.2 to 4.6.  $\ddot{\circ}$
- Towns/Villages and Hamlets are not permitted to expand into specialty crop က်
- this Plan, and new or expanding livestock facilities shall comply with the New land uses, including the creation of lots, as permitted by the policies of minimum distance separation formulae. 4.

## Section 4.5 provides the following policies for existing uses:

- day before the All existing uses lawfully used for such purpose on the Greenbelt Plan comes into force are permitted.
- Single dwellings are permitted on existing lots of record, provided they were zoned for such as of the date the Greenbelt Plan came into force, or where an application for an amendment to a zoning by-law is required as a condition of જાં

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proceed a severance granted prior to December 14, 2003 but which application did not

- ω to a demonstration of the following: which bring the use more into conformity with this Plan, are permitted subject accessory structures and uses, and/or conversions of legally existing uses Outside of settlement areas, expansions to existing buildings and structures,
- Notwithstanding required; and section 4.2.2.6, new municipal services are not
- <u>b</u> geographical proximity to the existing structure. any expansion shall be limited in scope and kept within close The use does not expand into key natural heritage features and hydrologic features, unless there is no other alternative in which case
- 4. heritage features and key hydrologic features if it is demonstrated that: dwellings, and accessory uses to both, may be considered within key natural Expansions ₽ existing agricultural buildings and structures, residential
- <u>a</u> There is no alternative and the expansion, alteration or establishment is directed away from the feature to the maximum extent possible; and
- <u>b</u> The impact of the expansion or alteration on the feature and its functions is minimized to the maximum extent possible
- permitted, subject to the infrastructure policies of section 4.2. Expansion, maintenance and/or replacement of existing infrastructure

in this plan identically to their definition in the 2005 PPS This particular property is just outside of a settlement area. Secondary uses are defined

that secondary uses intent of the Greenbelt Plan and should not be permitted. Just because the plan states August 21, mentioned above, I concur with the municipal planners position that he expressed in his be applied not necessarily literally but purposely apply equally here. For the reasons The Board's comments about the 2005 PPS being a policy document intended to 2006 staff report that the proposal does not comply with the purpose "are supported" does not convince me that this use is secondary

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or permitted by the Greenbelt Plan. Just because Section 4.1 of the Greenbelt Plan permits some other non-agricultural uses in rural areas does not change my view that when read as a whole the intention of the Greenbelt Plan was to prohibit uses such as proposed here. It is not what was intended, too intensive, and not secondary.

## Regional and Local Official Plans

Greenbelt Plan or the 2005 PPS. In both plans the subject land is designated Good The Board understands that neither plan has been updated to reflect the General Farmland. In the Regional OP the land is not designated good tender fruit or good grape land that have the highest priority for preservation. Policy 6.A.8 provides generally that non-agricultural uses should not be located in Agricultural Areas. Such uses may be applied for and approved if they meet a number of Regional criteria such as utilizing lower quality soil, necessity of use, availability of other sites, degree of conflict, distance and natural buffering from existing agricultural uses, and impact on the environment. Mr. Smart suggests that while it is not necessary to apply this policy because the Biancaniello's are applying for a secondary use, he suggests that this proposal meets number of the criteria. For instance he suggested that because Mr. Biancanciello assisted the community with fire training and shell disposal this use is necessary and desirable for the community. The Board is not convinced this desirability and need could not be met Bianccanciello stated that he could not find another location elsewhere. From his by other means and that this use was really that necessary or desirable. Similarly, Mr. answers to questions on cross-examination, the Board was not convinced that he done a really thorough search of all other properties in Niagara and Halton Regions. As regards conflicts, the planner reminded the Board that the application was not to set off fireworks, but merely to store them in sea containers and by utilizing the obstructions and elevations, the proposal will have little impact. Here the planner (together with the access and parking therefore), undermine the capacity of this seemed to overlook the fact that the locating of the containers on the property will, separation, landscaping, forested distance environment such as property of being farmed.

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Niagara OP which provide as follows: Of more relevance, was his analysis of the secondary use provisions in the

#### Policy 6.A.18

principle use of a property in an agricultural area provided that: value-added to six guestrooms and personal services; and uses that produce and market home occupations within residences such as bed and breakfast facilities with up Home industries such as welding ships, small engine repair, carpentry, electrical; agricultural products are permitted as secondary uses to the

- $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ of the property, and the use is small in scale and remains ancillary to the principal use
- ≕ on the property; and any value-added agricultural products are from the farm operation
- ≝ all of the property remains designated and zoned agricultural, and
- ₹ surrounding agricultural uses, and secondary uses are compatible with and do not hinder
- ڪ home industries are permitted by zoning by-law amendment, and
- ≦. and the use complies with the other policies in the Regional Policy Plan,

No future severance of these secondary uses is permitted

effects on agriculture are minimized their Official Plans and Zoning By-laws to regulate secondary uses (i.e. lot size, lot coverage, setbacks, and the need for site plan control) so that any negative The local municipalities are expected to incorporate more detailed policies in

the entire property. permitted there and proposed here. Furthermore he suggested the proposed use here storage associated with them and could not see the difference between what was small scale like the others mentioned in 6.A.18 because it occupies less than 1% of Here he noted that the home industries listed would normally have outside - 12 - PL060998

As the Board has often stated, it is not merely the percentage change that is to be considered. The containers themselves may have little adverse impact, but the adverse impact of the containers themselves is not the only concern here; as stated To the Board this is like suggesting a variance is minor because it is a variance above, it is the intensity or scale of the use in total that most concerns the Board. of less than 1%.

Board finds that the listed uses at the beginning of 6.A.18 could easily be considered secondary uses to a farm operation as is specified in the later part of the sentence pertaining to agricultural products. As Mr. Smart pointed out, what is contemplated in 6.A.18 are small-scale uses. Fireworks storage has nothing to do with a farm operation. The

the Region under this section when it adopted this Official Plan. As specified, the uses detailed explanation of what is intended is expected to be included in local official plans The warehousing of fireworks cannot have been contemplated as permissible by set out in 6.A.18 are clearly secondary, and ancillary (6.a.18(1)). Furthermore, a more and zoning by-laws. It could be argued that personal service secondary uses are stand-alone and the title "secondary use" is to be given no meaning in this planning document. The Board facilities are essentially tourism uses which compliment agricultural uses and not a good support the agricultural community, particularly where the property might not have easy access to such necessary services. It could also be argued that Bed and Breakfast does not agree with this interpretation and finds that personal services example of stand alone non-agricultural uses in general. Again the Board finds a too literal approach unhelpful and believes that the purpose and intent of the Region's OP is to encourage agricultural production and those subordinate uses which assist the viability of existing agricultural production, not uses Smart's narrow totally unrelated to agriculture. The Board does not agree with Mr. description of this use as simply storage.

Official Plan, a conclusion the Board does not come to here, the Board cannot look to it to overcome the application's failure to comply with provincial policy, especially when Even if it could be argued that this use meets the tests set out in the Regional the OP has not been updated to reflect this policy.

area and can be justified as a convenience to the nearby inhabitants and professional uses are permitted provided they don't alter the rural character of the Area shall be all forms of agriculture. Within this designation limited home occupational under the Pelham Official Plan. There the predominant use of land in the Agricultural As mentioned above, the subject lands are designated Good General Agricultural

community. could not be property associated with the storage use, especially before the 24th of May and July 1, fireworks testing a convenience in any way. Similarly, the shipping activity on the small scale. Ms Guitard and a few of the other residents certainly did not find a whole, the Board does not find that this use is a "convenience to local inhabitants" or characterize this use as narrowly as a small scale storage use. Considering this use as Once again, the Board disagrees with Mr. Smart's opinion and does considered small scale in this quiet somewhat idyllic agricultural not

permitted in the Agricultural Area when they are related to and serve agricultural uses Board's view that ancillary uses and small-scale industrial and commercial uses are interpretation of Sections 1.10.2 and 1.10.4 and finds these subsections support the totally unrelated to agriculture. subordinate uses which assist the viability of existing agricultural production, not uses purpose and intent of the Town's OP is to encourage agricultural production and those Again the Board finds a too literal approach unhelpful and believes that the The Board does not agree with Mr. Smart's

### Pelham's Zoning By-law

include the sea containers is permitted. Here Mr. Smart testified the coverage is less than 1% even when you permitted under this zoning. The minimum lot area for agricultural uses is approximately dwelling, home occupations, kennels and accessory uses, buildings and structures are (1987) as amended (the "By-law"). Generally, agricultural uses, one single-family 13.96 acres. 850 Canboro Road is zoned A-94 under the Town's Zoning By-law No.1136 For agricultural uses and accessory uses a maximum lot coverage of 10%

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Under the definition section of the By-law "Accessory" means:

same lot A use, a building or a structure that is incidental, subordinate and exclusively a main use, building or structure and located on the devoted to therewith;

Under the definition section of the By-law "Home Occupation" means:

An occupation conducted entirely within the dwelling or dwelling unit for gain or profit as an accessory use to the principle residential use by one or more persons residing therein.

### 6.1 Accessory Uses

### A) GENERAL

Ö structure may be erected or used for a purpose, that purpose shall include any accessory building or structure or accessory use, but shall not include (1) any occupation for gain or profit conducted within or accessory to a building dwelling house or unit except as in this By-law is specifically permitted. Ø used or Where this By-law provides that a lot may be

### B) LOCATION

lot line than 1.2 metres (3.94 feet) or closer to any street than the required Except as otherwise provided herein, in a Residential zone any accessory building or structure which is not part of the main building shall be erected to the rear of the required front yard and shall not be located closer to any yard for the main building or structure.

not be located closer to any lot line than the required yard of the main In all other zones any accessory building or structure which is not part of the main structure shall be erected to the rear of the front yard and shall building or structure.

### C) MAXIMUM HEIGHT

Except as otherwise provided herein, no accessory residential building or structure shall exceed 3.7 metres (12.14 feet) in height.

### d) LOT COVERAGE

10% of the lot area The total lot coverage of all accessory buildings on a lot shall not exceed

## e) UNDERGROUND PARKING

parking structures The yard requirements of this By-law shall not apply to underground

property (now discontinued). occurring outside of the main house and advertising and sales taking place on the to work on the property loading fireworks into trucks, significant portions of the business an intense use which includes storage outside a building, non-resident workers coming When taken together the Board finds that these provisions clearly do not anticipate such was, especially when the County's OP defers somewhat to the local zoning by-law. Board's opinion these sections are important in considering what the Town's intention little weight insofar as these sections are being amended by his client's request. In the Mr. Richardson argued that the Board should ignore these sections or give them

### Other Matters

this agricultural property. encouraging work at home and less commuting. The Board does not find that Places To Grow supports the intensity of use described here where what is proposed is what the Town planner has (correctly in the Board's opinion) characterized as a second use on Mr. Smart suggested that the proposed use implements government policy, by

on the property. If the product stored was not explosives but something else, the Board property and therefore it is not good planning to approve the use of the sea containers is of such an intensity as described that it should be considered a second use on the government regulations because of the type of product stored. The size of the storage business purposes. The coverage is essentially the same. The Board finds that the use area here is approximately the same as the basement, which is not being used for occupation could store its inventory in the basement. Here that is prohibited by matter more Finally, one of Mr Richardson's arguments was that the Board should approach creatively like Municipal Council did. Essentially any other home

Therefore the appeal is allowed and Zoning By-law 2810 (2006) is would still find the use as described as too intensive to be considered a home occupation. repealed.

It is so Ordered.

"D. Gates"

D. GATES MEMBER